



# **Owner's Manual**

Product: Cobra® SX Millermatic

Manual: 091-0641

**Sept 2010** 

Serial: 10090001

Voltage Rating: 24 VDC

Gun models: 326-8xx

Revision:



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# Table of Contents

Safety Considerations	
Installation	Section A
Technical SpecificationsSupport Equipment RequiredGun Lead Connections	1
Operation	
General Controls and Settings Drive Roll and Idler Rolls	2 2
Accessories	Section C
Optional KitsSnake SkinsContact TipsGas Cups	4 4
Maintenance	Section D
Periodic Maintenance	5
Troubleshooting	Section E
Troubleshooting Guide Testing The Gun	
Appendices	Section F
Diagrams / Parts List	10
Safety Warnings	

Warranty

# Declaration of Conformity for European Community (CE) Products

Note This information is provided for units with CE certification (see rating label on unit).

Manufacturer's Name: MK Products, Inc.

16882 Armstrong Ave. Irvine, CA 92606

Declares that the product: Cobra® SX Millermatic Compatible conforms to the following Directives and Standards:

#### **Directives**

Low Voltage Directive: 2006/95/EC

Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Directive: 2004/108/EC

#### **Standards**

Electromagnetic Compatibility, (EMC): EN 60974-10: 2007

Torches And Guns For Arc Welding, EN 60974-7: 2005

# SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

# **ELECTRIC ARC WELDING EQUIPMENT**

# CAUTION: READ BEFORE ATTEMPTING INSTALLATION, OPERATION OR MAINTENANCE OF THIS EQUIPMENT

#### 1-1 INTRODUCTION

This equipment is intended for ultimate application by commercial/industrial users and for operation by persons trained and experienced in the use and maintenance of welding equipment. Operation should not be undertaken without adequate training in the use of such equipment. Training is available from many public and private schools or similar facilities.

Safe practices in the installation, operation and maintenance of this equipment requires proper training in the art, a careful study of the information provided with the equipment, and the use of common sense. Rules for safe use are generally provided by suppliers of welding power sources, compressed gas suppliers, and electrode suppliers. Careful compliance with these rules will promote safe use of this equipment.

The following Safety Rules cover some of the more generally found situations. READ THEM CAREFULLY. In case of any doubt, obtain qualified help before proceeding.

#### 1-2 GENERAL PRECAUTIONS

#### A. Burn Prevention

ELECTRICARC WELDING PRODUCES HIGH INTENSITY HEAT AND ULTRAVIOLET RADIANT ENERGY WHICH MAY CAUSE SERIOUS AND PERMANENT EYE DAMAGE AND WHICH MAY DAMAGE ANY EXPOSED SKIN AREAS.

Wear helmet with safety goggles or glasses with side shields underneath, appropriate filter lenses or plates (protected by clear cover glass). This is a must for welding or cutting (and chipping) to protect the eyes from radiant energy and flying metal. Replace cover glass when broken, pitted, or spattered.

Medical first aid and eye treatment. First aid facilities and a qualified first aid person should be available for each shift unless medical facilities are close by for immediate treatment of flash burns of the eyes and skin burns.

Wear protective clothing - leather (or asbestos) gauntlet gloves, hat, and high safety-toe shoes. Button shirt collar and pocket flaps, and wear cuffless trousers to avoid entry of sparks and slag.

Avoid oily or greasy clothing. A spark may ignite them.

Flammable hair preparations should not be used by persons intending to weld or cut.

Hot metal such as electrode stubs and work pieces should never be handled without gloves.

Ear plugs should be worn when working on overhead or in a confined space. A hard hat should be worn when others work overhead.

#### **B.** Toxic Fume Prevention

WARNING: The use of this product may result in exposure to chemicals known

to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Adequate ventilation. Severe discomfort, illness or death can result from fumes, vapors, heat, or oxygen enrichment or depletion that welding (or cutting) may produce. Prevent them with adequate ventilation. NEVER ventilate with oxygen.

Lead-, cadmium-, zinc-, mercury-, beryllium-bearing and similar materials, when welded or cut, may produce harmful concentrations of toxic fumes. Adequate local exhaust ventilation must be used, or each person in the area, as well as the operator, must wear an air-supplied respirator. For beryllium, both must be used.

Metals coated with or containing materials that emit toxic fumes should not be heated unless coating is removed form the work surface, the area is well ventilated, or the operator wears an airsupplied respirator.

Work in a confined space only while it is being ventilated and, if necessary, while wearing an air-supplied respirator.

Gas leaks in a confined space should be avoided. Leaked gas in large quantities can change oxygen concentration dangerously. Do not bring gas cylinders into a confined space.

Leaving confined space, shut OFF gas supply at source to prevent possible accumulation of gases in the space if downstream valves have been accidentally opened or left open. Check to be sure that the space is safe before reentering it.

Vapors from chlorinated solvents can be decomposed by the heat of the arc (or flame) to form PHOSGENE, a highly toxic gas, and other lung and eye irritating products. The ultraviolet (radiant) energy of the arc can also decompose trichloroethylene and perchloroethylene vapors to form phosgene. DO NOT WELD or cut where solvent vapors can be drawn into the welding or cutting atmosphere or where the radiant energy can penetrate to atmospheres containing even minute amounts of trichloroethylene or perchloroethylene.

#### C. Fire and Explosion Prevention

Causes of fire and explosion are: combustibles reached by the arc, flame, flying sparks, hot slag, or heated material, misuse of compressed gases and cylinders, and short circuits.

BE AWARE THAT flying sparks or falling slag can pass through cracks, along pipes, through windows or doors, and through wall or floor openings, out of sight of the goggled operator. Sparks can fly many feet.

To prevent fires and explosion:

Keep equipment clean and operable, free of oil, grease, and (in electrical parts) of metallic particles that can cause short circuits

If combustibles are in area, do NOT weld or cut. Move the work if practicable, to an area free of combustibles. Avoid paint spray rooms, dip tanks, storage areas, ventilators. If the work cannot be moved, move combustibles at least 35 feet away, out of reach of sparks and heat; or protect against ignition with suitable and snug-fitting, fire-resistant covers or shields.

Walls touching combustibles on opposite sides should not be welded on (or cut). Walls, ceilings, and floor near work should be protected by heat-resistant covers or shields.

Fire watcher must be standing by with suitable fire extinguishing equipment during and for some time after welding or cutting if:

- 1. Appreciable combustibles (including building construction) are within 35 feet.
- 2. Appreciable combustibles are further than 35 feet, but can be ignited by sparks.
- 3. Openings (concealed or visible) in floors or walls within 35 feet may expose combustibles to sparks.
- 4. Combustibles adjacent to walls, ceilings, roofs, or metal partitions can be ignited by radiant or conducted heat.

Hot work permit should be obtained before operation to ensure supervisor's approval that adequate precautions have been taken.

After work is done, check that area is free of sparks, glowing embers, and flames.

Anemptycontainerthatheldcombustibles, or that can produce flammable or toxic vapors when heated, must never be welded on or cut, unless container has first been cleaned in accordance with industry standards.

This includes: a thorough steam or caustic cleaning (or a solvent of water washing, depending on the combustible's solubility), followed by purging and inerting with nitrogen or carbon dioxide, and using protective equipment.

Water-filling just below working level may substitute for inerting.

A container with unknown contents should be cleaned (see paragraph above). Do NOT depend on sense of smell or sight to determine if it is safe to weld or cut.

Hollow castings or containers must be vented before welding or cutting. They can explode.

Explosive atmospheres. NEVER weld or cut where the air may contain flammable dust, gas, or liquid vapors (such as gasoline).

#### D. Compressed Gas Equipment

The safe handling of compressed gas equipment is detailed in numerous industry publications. The following general rules cover many of the most common situations.

#### 1. Pressure Regulators

Regulator relief valve is designed to protect only the regulator from overpressure; it is not intended to protect any downstream equipment. Provide such protection with one or more relief devices.

Never connect a regulator to a cylinder containing gas other than that for which the regulator was designed.

Remove faulty regulator from service immediately for repair (first close cylinder valve). The following symptoms indicate a faulty regulator:

Leaks - if gas leaks externally.

Excessive Creep - if delivery pressure continues to rise with downstream valve closed

Faulty Gauge - if gauge pointer does not move off stop pin when pressurized, nor returns to stop pin after pressure release.

Repair. Do NOT attempt repair. Send faulty regulators for repair to manufacturer's designated repair center, where special techniques and tools are used by trained personnel.

#### 2. Cylinders

Cylinders must be handled carefully to prevent leaks and damage to their walls, valves, or safety devices:

Avoid electrical circuit contact with cylinders including third rails, electrical wires, or welding circuits. They can produced short circuit arcs that may lead to a serious accident. (See 1-3C)

ICC or DOT marking must be on each cylinder. It is an assurance of safety when the cylinder is properly handled.

Identifying gas content. Use only cylinders with name of gas marked on them; do not rely on color to identify gas content. Notify supplier if unmarked. NEVER DEFACE or alter name, number, or other markings on a cylinder. It is illegal and hazardous.

Empties: Keep valves closed, replace caps securely; mark MT; keep them separate from FULLS, and return promptly.

Prohibited use. Never use a cylinder or its contents for other than its intended use, NEVER as a support or roller.

Locate or secure cylinders so they cannot be knocked over.

Passageways and work areas. Keep cylinders clear of areas where they may be stuck.

Transporting cylinders. With a crane, use a secure support such as a platform or cradle. Do NOT lift cylinders off the ground by their valves or caps, or by chains, slings, or magnets.

Do NOT expose cylinders to excessive heat, sparks, slag, and flame, etc. that may cause rupture. Do not allow contents to exceed 55 degrees C (130 degrees F.) Cool with water spray where such

exposure exists.

Protect cylinders, particularly valves from bumps, falls, falling objects, and weather. Replace caps securely when moving cylinders.

Stuck valve. Do NOT use a hammer or wrench to open a cylinder valve that cannot be opened by hand. Notify your supplier.

Mixing gases. NEVER try to mix any gases in a cylinder.

NEVER refill any cylinder.

Cylinder fittings should never be modified or exchanged.

#### 3. Hose

Prohibited use. Never use hose other than that designed for the specified gas. A general hose identification rule is: red for fuel gas, green for oxygen, and black for inert gases.

Use ferrules or clamps designed for the hose (not ordinary wire or other substitute) as a binding to connect hoses to fittings.

No copper tubing splices. Use only standard brass fittings to splice hose.

Avoid long runs to prevent kinks and abuse. Suspend hose off ground to keep it from being run over, stepped on, or otherwise damaged.

Coil excess hose to prevent kinks and tangles.

Protect hose from damage by sharp edges, and by sparks, slag, and open flame.

Examine hose regularly for leaks, wear, and loose connections. Immerse pressured hose in water; bubbles indicate leaks

Repair leaky or worn hose by cutting area out and splicing. Do NOT use tape.

#### 4. Proper Connections

Clean cylinder valve outlet of impurities that may clog orifices and damage seats before connecting regulator. Except for hydrogen, crack valve momentarily, pointing outlet away from people and sources of ignition. Wipe with a clean, lintless cloth.

Match regulator to cylinder. Before connecting, check that the regulator label and cylinder marking agree, and that the regulator inlet and cylinder outlet match. NEVER Connect a regulator designed for a particular gas or gases to a cylinder containing any other gas.

Tighten connections. When assembling threaded connections, clean and smooth seats where necessary. Tighten. If connection leaks, disassemble, clean, and retighten, using properly fitting wrench.

Adapters. Use a CGA adapter (available from your supplier) between cylinder and regulator, if one is required. Use two wrenches to tighten adapter marked RIGHT and LEFT HAND threads.

Regulator outlet (or hose) connections may be identified by right hand threads for oxygen and left hand threads (with grooved hex on nut or shank) for fuel gas.

#### 5. Pressurizing Steps:

Drain regulator of residual gas through suitable vent before opening cylinder (or manifold valve) by turning adjusting screw in (clockwise). Draining prevents excessive compression heat at high pressure seat by allowing seat to open on pressurization. Leave adjusting screw engaged slightly on single-stage regulators.

Stand to side of regulator while opening cylinder valve.

Open cylinder valve slowly so that regulator pressure increases slowly. When gauge is pressurized (gauge reaches regulator maximum) leave cylinder valve in following position: for oxygen and inert gases, open fully to seal stem against possible leak; for fuel gas, open to less than one turn to permit quick emergency shut-off.

Use pressure charts (available from your supplier) for safe and efficient recommended pressure settings on regulators.

Check for leaks on first pressurization and regularly thereafter. Brush with soap solution. Bubbles indicate leaks. Clean off soapy water after test; dried soap is combustible.

#### E. User Responsibilities

Follow all Safety Rules.

Remove leaky or defective equipment from service immediately for repair. Read and follow user manual instructions.

#### F. Leaving Equipment Unattended

Close gas supply at source and drain

#### G. Rope Staging-Support

Rope staging-support should not be used for welding or cutting operation; rope may burn.

#### 1-3 ARC WELDING

Comply with precautions in 1-1, 1-2, and this section. Arc Welding, properly done, is a safe process, but a careless operator invites trouble. The equipment carries high currents at significant voltages. The arc is very bright and hot. Sparks fly, fumes rise, ultraviolet and infrared energy radiates, weldments are hot, and compressed gases may be used. The wise operator avoids unnecessary risks and protects himself and others from accidents.

#### A. Burn Protection

Comply with precautions in 1-2.

The welding arc is intense and visibly bright. Its radiation can damage eyes, penetrate lightweight clothing, reflect from light-colored surfaces, and burn the skin and eyes. Skin burns resemble acute sunburn; those from gas-shielded arcs are more severe and painful.

DON'T GET BURNED; COMPLY WITH PRECAUTIONS.

#### 1. Protective Clothing

Wear long-sleeve clothing in addition to gloves, hat, and shoes. As necessary, use additional protective clothing such as leather jacket or sleeves, flameproof apron, and fire-resistant leggings. Avoid outer garments of untreated cotton.

Bare skin protection. Wear dark, substantial clothing. Button collar to protect chest and neck, and button pockets to prevent entry of sparks.

#### 2. Eye and Head Protection

Protect eyes from exposure to arc. Eyes may be damaged by radiant energy when exposed to the electric arc, even when not looking in the direction of the arc. Never look at an electric arc without protection.

Welding helmet or shield containing a filter plate shade no. 12 or denser must be used when welding. Place over face before striking arc.

Protect filter plate with a clear cover plate.

Cracked or broken helmet or shield should NOT be worn; radiation can be passed through to cause burns.

Cracked, broken, or loose filter plates must be replaced IMMEDIATELY. Replace clear cover plate when broken, pitted, or spattered.

Flash goggles with side shields MUST be worn under the helmet to give some protection to the eyes should the helmet not be lowered over the face before an arc is struck. Looking at an arc momentarily with unprotected eyes (particularly a high intensity gas-shielded arc) can cause a retinal burn that may leave a permanent dark area in the field of vision.

#### 3. Protection of Nearby Personnel

Enclose the welding area. For production welding, a separate room or enclosed bay is best. In open areas, surround the operation with low-reflective, noncombustible screens or panels. Allow for free air circulation, particularly at floor level.

Viewing the weld. Provide face shields for all persons who will be looking directly at the weld.

Others working in area. See that all persons are wearing flash goggles.

Before starting to weld, make sure that screen flaps or bay doors are closed.

#### **B. Toxic Fume Prevention**

Comply with precautions in 1-2B.

Generator engine exhaust must be vented to the outside air. Carbon monoxide can kill.

#### C. Fire and Explosion Prevention

Comply with precautions in 1-2C.

Equipment's rated capacity. Do not overload arc welding equipment. It may overheat cables and cause a fire.

Loose cable connections may overheat

or flash and cause afire.

Never strike an arc on a cylinder or other pressure vessel. It creates a brittle area that can cause a violent rupture or lead to such a rupture later under rough handling.

# **D. Compressed Gas Equipment** Comply with precautions in 1-2D.

## E. Shock Prevention

Exposed electrically hot conductors or other bare metal in the welding circuit, or in ungrounded, electrically-HOT equipment can fatally shock a person whose body becomes a conductor. DO NOT STAND, SIT, LIE, LEAN ON, OR TOUCH a wet surface when welding without suitable protection.

To protect against shock:

Keep body and clothing dry. Never work in damp area without adequate insulation against electrical shock. Stay on a dry duckboard, or rubber mat when dampness or sweat cannot be avoided. Sweat, sea water, or moisture between body and an electrically HOT part or grounded metal - reduces the body surface electrical resistance, enabling dangerous and possibly lethal currents to flow through the body.

#### 1. Grounding the Equipment

When installing, connect the frames of each unit such as welding power source, control, work table, and water circulator to the building ground. Conductors must be adequate to carry ground currents safely. Equipment made electrically HOT by stray currents may shock, possibly fatally. Do NOT GROUND to electrical conduit, or to a pipe carrying ANY gas or a flammable liquid such as oil or fuel.

Three-phase connection. Check phase requirement of equipment before installing. If only three-phase power is available, connect single-phase equipment to only two wires of the three-phase line. Do NOT connect the equipment ground lead to the third (live) wire, or the equipment will become electrically HOT - a dangerous condition that can shock, possibly fatally.

Before welding, check ground for continuity. Be sure conductors are touching bare metal of equipment frames at connections.

If a line cord with a ground lead is provided with the equipment for connection to a switch box, connect the ground lead to the grounded switch box. If a three-prong plug is added for connection to a grounded mating receptacle, the ground lead must be connected to the ground prong only. If the line cord comes with a three-prong plug, connect to a grounded mating receptacle. Never remove the ground prong from a plug, or use a plug with a broken ground prong.

#### 2. Connectors

Fully insulated lock-type connectors should be used to join welding cable lengths.

#### 3. Cables

Frequently inspect cables for wear, cracks, and damage. IMMEDIATELY REPLACE those with excessively worn or damaged insulation to avoid possibly lethal shock from bared cable. Cables with damaged areas may be taped to give resistance equivalent to original cable.

Keep cable dry, free of oil and grease, and protected from hot metal and sparks.

# 4. Terminals and Other Exposed Parts

Terminals and other exposed parts of electrical units should have insulating covers secured before operation.

#### 5. Electrode Wire

Electrode wire becomes electrically HOT when the power switch of gas metal-arc welding equipment is ON and welding gun trigger is pressed. Keep hands and body clear of wire and other HOT parts.

#### 6. Safety Devices

Safety devices such as interlocks and circuit breakers should not be disconnected or shunted out.

Before installation, inspection, or service of equipment, shut OFF all power, and remove line fuses (or lock or red-tag switches) to prevent accidental turning ON of power. Disconnect all cables from welding power source, and pull all 115 volts line-cord plugs.

Do not open power circuit or change polarity while welding. If, in an emergency, it must be disconnected, guard against shock burns or flash from switch arcing.

Leaving equipment unattended. Always shut OFF, and disconnect all power to equipment.

Power disconnect switch must be available near the welding power source.



# Please Examine Carton and Equipment For Damage Immediately

When this equipment is shipped, title passes to the purchaser upon receipt by the carrier. Consequently, claims for material damaged in shipment must be made by the purchaser against the transportation company at the time the shipment is received.

Please record your equipment identification information below for future reference. This information can be found on your machine nameplate.

Model Name & Number	
Code & Serial Number	
Date of Purchase	

Whenever you request replacements parts for, or information on this equipment always supply the information you have recorded above.

Read this Owner's Manual completely before attempting to use this equipment. Save this manual and keep it handy for quick reference. Pay particular attention to the safety instructions we have provided for your protection.

## Section A



## Installation

## **Technical Specifications**

#### **Wire Capacity**

.030" - .035" (0.6mm - 0.9mm) Solid and hard wires

.030" - 3/64" (0.8mm - 1.6mm) Aluminum

.023" (0.6mm) capability using Optional Idler Roll, P/N 511-0113

#### Wire Speed

800 IPM (20.3 mpm) Max. at rated feeder Input Voltage (120VAC / 42VAC)

#### **Duty Cycle**

All ratings are using Argon Gas

**175 Amps/25 Volts** 60%

## Support Equipment Required

- C.V. or C.C. Power Source of sufficient capacity for your needs.
- Regulated gas supply and hoses.
- Properly sized power leads from power source to wire feeder and ground.

#### **Gun Lead Connections**

#### **Power Cable - Air Cooled**

A #2 power cable is used on the Cobra® SX Millermatic Compatible™ gun. The gun and Power Pin ends of the cable are stripped to the copper strands and wrapped with a copper strip. A setscrew holds the cable securely in the gun body with torque requirements of 55-60 in-lb.

#### Conduit

The Cobra® SX Millermatic Compatible™ comes standard with a poly-lined conduit, for feeding aluminum wire. The longer fitting with a shallow groove is used on the gun end. A set screw located on top of the gun handle secures the conduit in place. The cabinet end of the conduit is secured into the Power Pin connector with a set screw.

#### **Gas Hose**

The gas hose is pushed over a barbed fitting on the end of the gun body and secured by twisting the hose retainer to the end of the hose (shown below). The hose retainer is re-usable and can be removed and re-installed as needed.





#### **Control Cable**

A multi-conductor control cable is used on the Cobra® SX Millermatic Compatible™. The gun end of the cable is secured with a cable clamp and the wires are connected to the potentiometer, the micro switch, the motor and the gun body mechanically. Slack is left in the electric cable as it exits the back of the gun to prevent cable and/or wire breakage. The cabinet end of the control cable uses a 10-Pin, "X" clocked Amphenol connector.

# **Section B**

# **Operation**

#### General

The Cobra® SX Millermatic Compatible™ gun maintains a constant, steady, uniform wire feed speed, regardless of curved or looped wire conduit. The constant push exerted by the slave motor in the cabinet, combined with the pull of the gun motor, causes the wire to literally float friction-free through the wire conduit. The 24VDC gun motor is controlled by a three and three-quarter (3 3/4) turn potentiometer in the gun handle.

## **Controls and Settings**

#### **Potentiometer**

The laterally-positioned potentiometer is located in the lower end of the handle, providing up to 800 ipm with 3 3/4 turns.

#### **Micro Switch**

The micro switch assembly consists of the micro switch and leads.

#### **Trigger Sensitivity**

The amount of trigger lever travel can be shortened for a "quicker" or "more responsive" action.

A more sensitive trigger lever is produced by reducing the gap between the trigger lever and the micro-switch lever. By turning-in the Trigger Sensivity Adjustment Screw (Figure 1), it closes the gap between the trigger lever and the microswitch lever. This will enable the operator to increase the sensivity of the trigger lever.

### **Sensitivity Adjustment**

With the wire feeder turned on (with or without welding wire loaded), turn the screw in until the micro-switch is activated (Figure 2). Once activated, the gun and wire feeder motors will begin

feeding wire. Retract the screw accordingly until the system is deactivated and adjusted to the operators' liking.



Figure 2

# Drive Roll and Idler Rolls General

The Cobra® SX Millermatic Compatible™ gun comes standard with a knurled drive roll and a grooved idler roll, ready for welding aluminum wire diameters from .030" up to 3/64". An optional grooved idler roll, for wire diameter .023" is available as P/N 511-0113. Insulated V-Groove drive roll kits are also available for aluminum wire, (see Optional Kits).

Drive roll tension is accomplished with a unique spring-loaded pressure screw. The Cobra $^{\$}$  SX Millermatic Compatible $^{\texttt{TM}}$  comes from the factory with the pressure adjustment screw preset.

NO ADJUSTMENT is required for all sizes and types of wires.

#### **Drive Roll Installation/Removal**

Note:

Neither of the handles needs to be removed to access the Drive or Idler Rolls

- 1. Push the idler lever, this will relieve the pressure against the drive roll (as shown in Figure 3).
- 2. Align the Drive Roll Removal Tool (P/N 931-0100) over the flats of the drive roll (as shown in Figure 4). Hold the gun with one hand or on a table top, with the other hand give the Removal Tool a quick snap-turn in the CLOCKWISE DIRECTION.





Figure 3

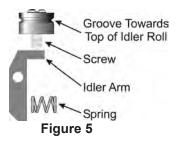
Figure 4

- **3.** Once the drive roll is loose, continue to spin drive roll in the clockwise direction to remove the drive roll from the gun.
- **4.** Install a new drive roll on the left-hand threaded shaft. The drive roll will self-tighten when it is feeding wire.

## **Idler Roll Installation and Removal**

(Reference Figure 5)

- 1. Using a slot type screwdriver, loosen idler screw.
- 2. Insert new idler roll onto screw, insuring that idler groove is toward top.
- 3. Tighten.



## Section C

## **Accessories**

## **Optional Kits**

The arcing of the wire at the knurled drive roll is typical of a contact tip which is too large for the wire or if the aluminum wire has excessive oxidation, reducing the contact between the wire and contact tip. Insulated Drive Roll Kits are used when the teeth on the knurled drive roll, arc to and soften the wire as it enters the barrel liner. The softened wire has a greater potential of being shaved and/or clogging in the barrel liner.

#### **Snake Skins**

Snake Skin protective covers are standard on the Cobra® SX Millermatic Compatible™. Replacement covers may be ordered and replaced in the field by means of hook and loop - also known as Velcro®.

Snake Skin Cover 15ft leads	931-0110
Snake Skin Cover 25ft leads	931-0122
Snake Skin Cover 35ft leads	931-0132
Snake Skin Cover 50ft leads	931-0123

# **Conduits**

flat spiral steel conduit for steel & cored wire

615-0621-15	15 ft./4.5m
615-0621-25	25 ft./7.6m
615-0621-35	35 ft./10.7m
615-0621-50	50 ft./15.2m

**Contact Tips** 



1/4" Diameter Contact Tip*				
Wire Size	Tip ID	Arc	Tip Length	Part No.
.023" (0.6 mm)	.031" (0.8 mm)	Spray	1.50" (38.1 mm)	621-0057-25
.023" (0.6 mm)	.031" (0.8 mm)	Short	1.75" (44.5 mm)	621-0328-25
.030" (0.8 mm)	.037" (0.9 mm)	Spray	1.50" (38.1 mm)	621-0325-25
.030" (0.8 mm)	.037" (0.9 mm)	Short	1.75" (44.5 mm)	621-0326-25
.030" (0.8 mm)	.040" (1.0 mm)	Spray	1.50" (38.1 mm)	621-0076-25
.035" (0.9 mm)	.045" (1.1 mm)	Spray	1.50" (38.1 mm)	621-0001-25
				621-0001-250
				621-0001-500
.035" (0.9 mm)	.040" (1.0 mm)	Short	1.75" (44.5 mm)	621-0077-25
.035" (0.9 mm)	.045" (1.1 mm)	Short	1.75" (44.5 mm)	621-0002-25
3/64" (1.2 mm)	.054" (1.37 mm)	Spray	1.50" (38.1 mm)	621-0327-25
3/64" (1.2 mm)	.060" (1.5 mm)	Spray	1.50" (38.1 mm)	621-0003-25
				621-0003-250
				621-0003-500

<sup>\*\*</sup>This size tip furnished with gun \* All tips sold in quantities of 25

# **Gas Cups**



	Gas Cups	
Cup Size	Cup I.D.	Part No.
No. 5	1/4" (6.4mm)	621-0079
No. 6	3/8" (9.5mm)	001-0137 <sup>†</sup>
No. 8	1/2" (12.7mm)	001-0138*†
No. 10	5/8" (15.8mm)	001-0139 <sup>†</sup>

<sup>\*</sup>standard - furnished with gun †sold in packs of 4 each

Gun Barrel Liners		
Part Number	Description	
931-0137	Teflon liner package, 5 pieces	
615-0255	Spiral steel, .030045" (0.8mm - 1.1mm)	
621-0017	Tip Extender, Classic Cup, 1/4" Tip (Stackable)	
615-0256	Spiral liner for tip extender	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup>Also sold in quantities of 250

## **Section D**

## **Maintenance**

### **Periodic Maintenance**

Your Cobramatic System is designed to provide years of reliable service.

Maintenance of the gun will normally consist of a general cleaning of the wire guide system, including barrel, drive rolls, and conduit at regular intervals.

Remove spatter build-up from inside of nozzles with a hardwood stick. It is recommended that the conduit be blown out every time you add a new spool of wire.

The only parts on the Cobramatic system that are subject to normal wear are the conduit, contact tips, gas cups, front body liners, wire guides, drive and idler rolls. A supply of these parts should be maintained on hand.

The number of units in operation and the importance of minimal "down time" will determine to what extent spare parts should be stocked on hand. See the "Recommended spare parts list" for the most commonly replaced parts.

If repairs do become necessary, qualified shop maintenance personnel can easily replace any part.

Maintenance Tools	
Tool	Part Number
Drive Roll Removal Tool	931-0100

Recommended Spare Parts List		
Qty.	P/N	Description
1	615-0620-15	Conduit 15 ft
1	615-0620-25	Conduit 25 ft
1	615-0620-35	Conduit 35 ft
1	615-0620-50	Conduit 50 ft
1	005-0694	Trigger Assy Kit
1	003-2190	Potentiometer Assembly
1	005-0710	Handle Kit
1	003-2197	Micro Switch Assembly
2	511-0101	Drive Roll
2	511-0001	Idler Roll



DRIVE ROLL REMOVAL TOOL 931-0100



KNURLED DRIVE ROLL 511-0101



**IDLER ROLL** 511-0001 (.030" - 3/64")



IDLER ROLL 511-0113 (.023")



MICRO SWITCH ASSY 003-2197

# Section E Troubleshooting

Trouble	Cause	Remedy
No wire food at own foods	Input power fuse in feeder/ Control box blown.	Replace fuse.
No wire feed at gun, feeder not operating, I.e. no slave motor or brake solenoid.	Micro-switch defective/not being activated.	Replace switch. Check switch for operation.
motor of brake colonicia.	Broken electrical cable.	Check micro-switch wires for continuity
	Motor Control fuse in feeder/ Control box blown.	Check motor leads for shorts; then replace fuse.
No wire food at aug. fooder	Bad potentiometer.	Check potentiometer with meter.
No wire feed at gun, feeder operating properly	Broken electrical cable.	Check motor and potentiometer wires for continuity.
	Bad speed control/PCB.	See specific cabinet/control box owners for speed control operation.
	Loose or no cable connections.	Check all power connections.
Wire feeds, but welding wire is not engergized.	Contactor control cable loose or in wrong position.	Check power supply owners manual for location and type of contactor signal required, i.e., closing or 115VAC.
	Welding power source.	Check power source.
	Dirty or worn conduit.	Blow out or replace conduit.
Wire feeds erratically.	Wrong size contact tip.	See contact tip table.
Wife reeds errationly.	Idler roll stuck.	Check for lock washer under idler roll, or replace if damaged.
	Bad potentiometer.	Check with meter.
Wire feeds one speed only.	Broken electrical cable.	Check potentiometer wires for continuity or short.
	Bad speed control.	See specific cabinet/control box owners for speed control operation.
Wire walks out of drive rolls.	Idler roll upside-down.	Place groove in idler roll toward top.
	Rear wire guide missing.	Replace wire guide.

## **Troubleshooting Guide**

Regardless of which gun or feeder used, all MK Products' push-pull guns operate on the same principle. The slave motor in the feeder runs at a fast, constant torque, but has very low torque. It is always trying to feed more wire than the gun motor wants, and when the motor gets all it wants, it slows the slave motor, preventing a bird's nest. Because of the low torque produced by the slave motor, a brake system is used to prevent wire overrun rather than tension. The drag adjustment in the feeder is used simply to keep the wire slightly taut, so it will not pull off the spool while feeding wire.

The high torque 24VDC gun motor is controlled by a solid state speed control located in the feeder, and a pot located in the gun. The gun motor, potentiometer, and micro switch are connected to the cabinet/control box via a control cable and Amphenol connector. If this cable becomes damaged, a variety of symptoms can occur, depending on which wire(s) break. To test, check each wire for continuity and shorts.

Remember, the micro switch in the gun activates both the slave motor and gun motor circuits in the cabinet. Therefore, if the slave motor and brake solenoid operate, but the gun does not, look more toward the gun motor's 24 V circuits, speed control, control cable, or the gun motor. If nothing operates, look more toward the slave motor's input, micro switch leads, or micro switch.

### **Testing The Gun**

Reference the "X" clocked Amphenol diagram on the Cobra® SX Millermatic Compatible™ electrical diagram for information about pin-outs and locations.

#### **Motor Check**

Remove the connector from the cabinet.

Using the Amphenol connector, check the resistance across pins "C" and "B" (motor leads).

If an open circuit (more than **K ohms**) or short (less than 2 ohms) exists, check the motor leads and motor independently.

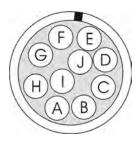
#### **Testing the Gun Potentiometer**

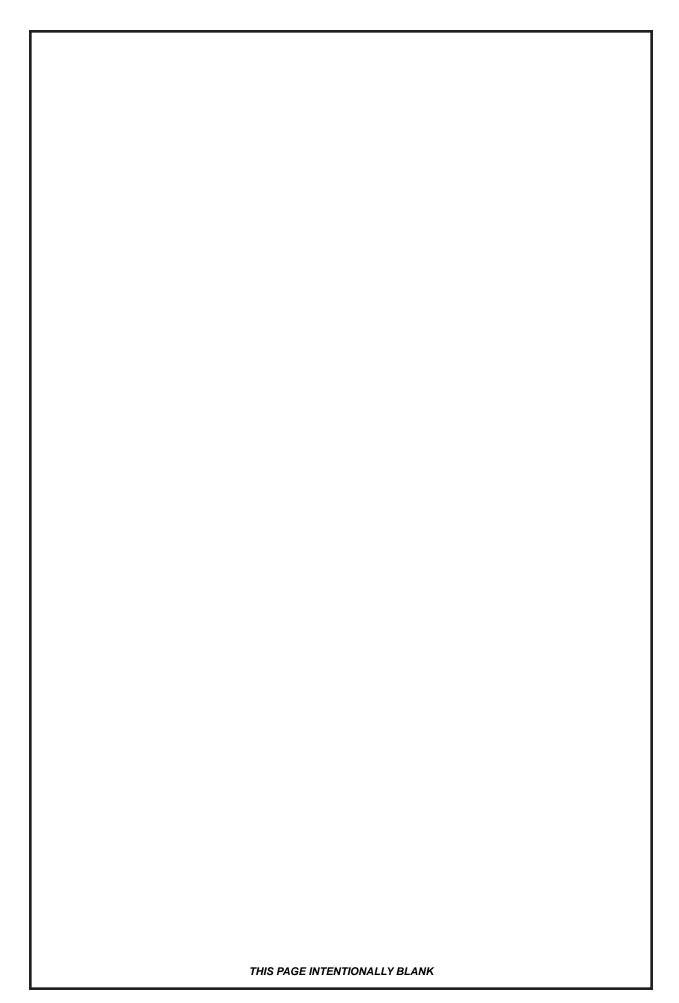
Using the amphenol connector, check the resistance across pin "F" (wiper) and pin "E". The resistance should vary from **0 - 5K ohms** as the potentiometer is turned.

Check the resistance across pin "F" (wiper) and pin "H". The resistance should vary from **5K - 0 ohms** as the potentiometer is turned.

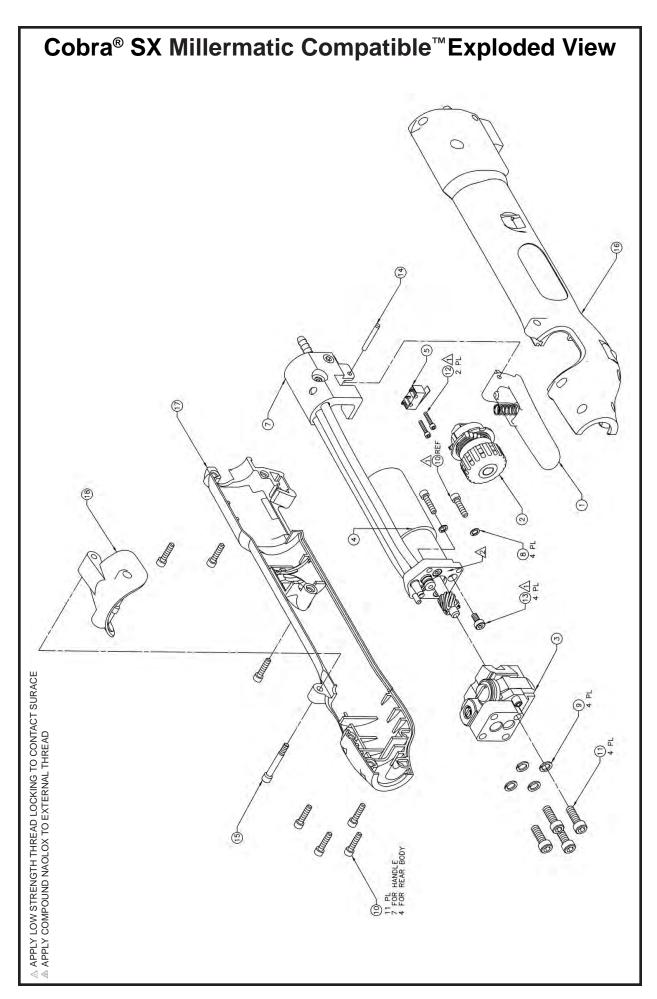
#### **Testing the Micro Switch**

Using the amphenol connector, check for continuity across pins "D" and "G" when the trigger is pressed.



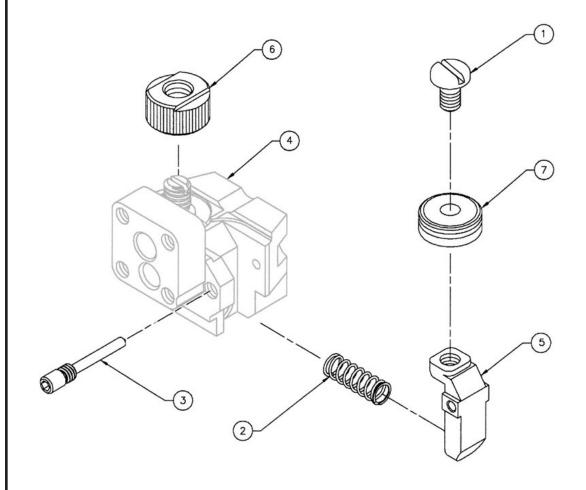


Section F	Appendices And Diagrams / Parts List
	Exploded View
	Front Body Assembly
	Rear Body Assembly
	Classic Cup Assembly
	Lead Assembly
	Power Pin Adapter Assembly
	Power Manifold Assembly17
	Wiring Diagram18



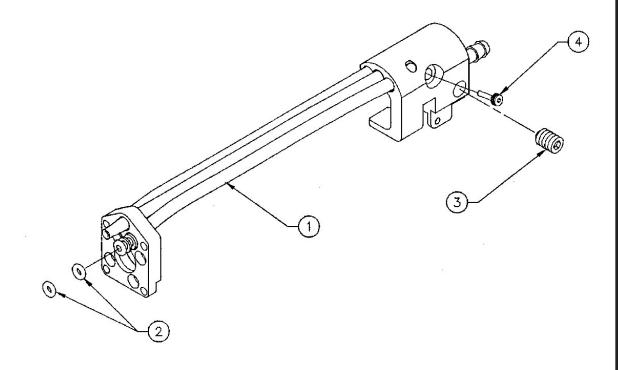
			Cobra® SX Millermatic Compatible <sup>™</sup> Parts List	င်ဝ	npatible™	Parts	List	
	Qty.	Part No.	Description		No.	Qty.	Part No.	Description
	_	005-0694	Trigger Kit		10	11	338-0014	SCR SHC 4-40 x 1/2 SST
$\vdash$	_	003-2190	Assy Potentiometer		11	4	338-0034	SCR SHC 8-32 x 1/2 SST
	_	003-2191	Assy Body		12	2	338-0153	SCR SHC 1-72 x 3/8
	_	003-2192	Assy Motor		13	4	338-0159	SCR SHC M3 x 6 SST
	_	003-2197	Assy Switch		14	1	421-0713	Pin Dowel 3/32 x 3/4 SST
		ı	•		15	1	431-1760	SCR Shoulder 1/8 x 4-40
	_	003-2244	Assy Rear Body		16	7	006 0240	Handle Kit: Includes line items 10, 15,
	4	333-0003	Wshr Spr Lk #4		17	-	0170-600	and 18
	4	333-0006	Wshr Spr Lk #8		18	1	437-0292	Door Molded

# Cobra® SX Millermatic Compatible™ Front Body Assembly 003-2191



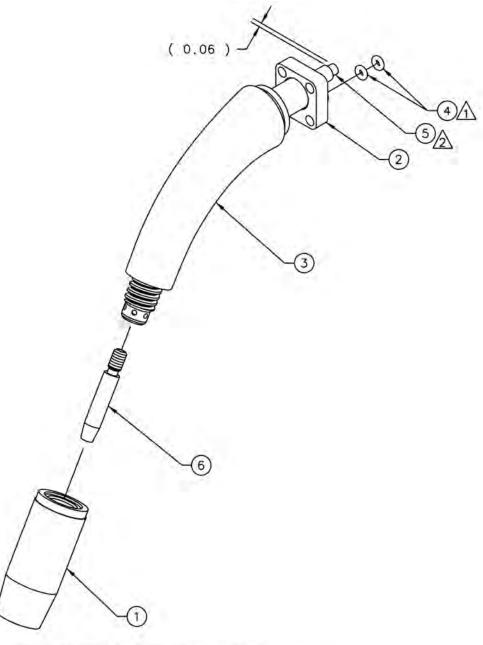
		Front Body Ass	sembly
No.	Qty.	Part Number	Description
1	1	325-0206	SCR Pan 10-24x.34
2	1	419-0120	Comp Spring
3	1	431-1728	SCR SH.093x4-40
4	-	-	Not Available Separately
5	1	431-1731	Idler Arm/Lever
6	1	511-0101	Drive Roll
7	1	511-0001 Idler Roll (.030" - 3/64	
7	opt	511-0113	Idler Roll (.023"035")

# Cobra<sup>®</sup> SX Millermatic Compatible<sup>™</sup> Rear Body Assembly 003-2244



		Rear Body Ass	embly
No.	Qty.	Part Number	Description
1	-	-	Not Available Separately
2	2	303-0097	0-Ring 2-005
3	1	321-0518	SCR 1/4-20x3/8
4	1	321-1104	Conduit SCR

# Cobra<sup>®</sup> SX Millermatic Compatible<sup>™</sup> Classic Cup Barrel Assembly 003-2340

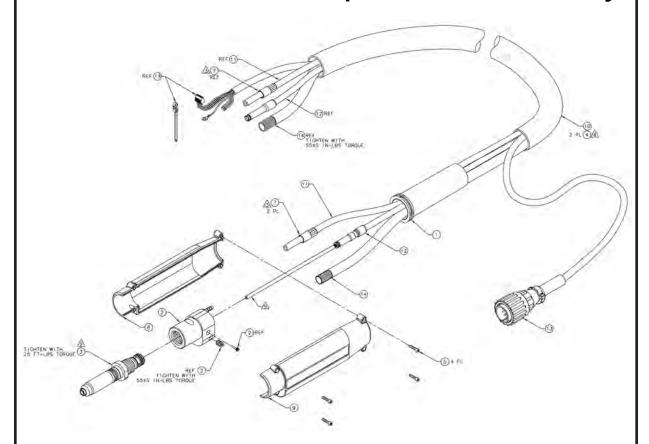


A INSTALL ITEM 6 TO ITEM 2. THEN INSTALL ITEM 5 TRIM OFF LINER FROM NICKEL TUBE TO 0.06 INCH.

APPLY SILICONE LUBRICANT TO O-RINGS BEFORE INSTALLING.

	Cla	ssic Cup E	Sarrel Assembly
No.	Qty.	Part No.	Description
1	1	001-0138	#8 Assy Gas Cup
2	-	-	Not available separately
3	1	301-0101	Barrel Insulator
4	2	303-0097	O-Ring 2-005
5	1 pkg.	931-0137	Barrel Liner PK, 5 pcs
6	1	621-0001	Tip, .045 x .25 OD

# **Cobra® SX Millermatic Compatible™ Lead Assembly**



A TRIM TEFLON LINER AFTER ASSEMBLY, TEFLON LINER TO PROTRUDE 0.06-0.05
INCHES BEYOND ITEM #2.

PLACE ITEM #4 APPROXIMATELY 3 FT FROM THE END OF THE HEAD ASSEMBLY
AND 3 INCH INSIDE THE END OF THE SNAKE SKIN ON THE LEAD END. DO NOT WRAP

APPLY QUICK DRYING HOSE LUBRICANT NEAR END OF ITEM #11 FOR INSTALLATION OF ITEM #7.

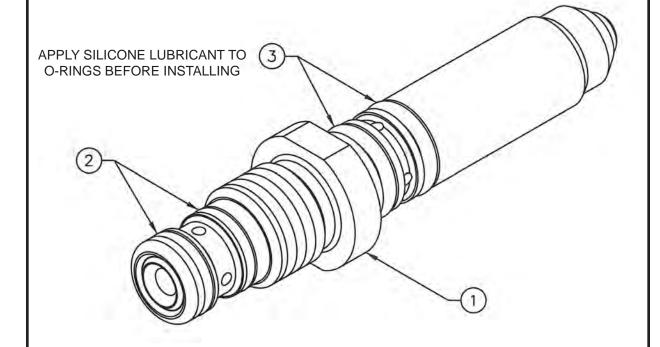
APPLY COMPOUND JOINT NOALOX TO THE CONTACT SURFACE BETWEEN ITEM #3 AND ITEM #2.

ITEM NOT SHOWN FOR CLARITY.

		L	ead Assemb	oly		
No.	Qty.	Description	15' Part No.	25' Part No.	35' Part No.	50' Part No.
1	1	Assy Boot Torch		003-	2153	
2	1	Assy Power Manifold		003-	2337	
3	1	Assy Power Pin Adapter, Miller		003-	2338	
4	<b>∆</b> 2	Wrap Spiral Cord		261-	0094	
5	4	Screw SHC 4-40 x 1/2 SST		338-	0014	
6	<b>∆</b> 4	Tie Wrap .75 x Dia N Blk		411-	0045	
7*	1	Hose Retainer, 5/16		431-	1898	
8	1	Handle RH Lead Universal		005.039	5-BLUE	
9	1	Handle LH Lead Universal		005-036	D-BLUE	
10	1	Snake Skin	931-0110	931-0122	931-0132	931-0123
11	1	Assy Gas Hose	552-0241-15	552-0241-25	552-0241-35	552-0241-50
12	1	Conduit Tef Tube	615-0620-15	615-0620-25	615-0620-35	615-0620-50
13	1	Assy Control Cable	005-0380-15	005-0380-25	005-0380-35	005-0380-50
14	1	Assy Power Cable	843-0640-15	843-0640-25	843-0640-35	843-0640-50

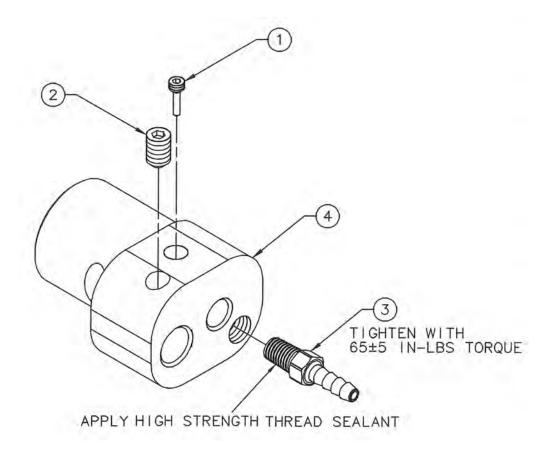
<sup>\*</sup> Hose Retainer is re-usable and can be removed and re-installed as needed

# Cobra® SX Millermatic Compatible™ Power Pin Adapter Assembly P/N 003-2338



		Power Pin	Adapter Assembly
No.	Qty.	Part No.	Description
1	1	002-0726	Assy Brazed Power Pin Adapter
2	2	303-0010	O-Ring 2-014 .489 ID x .07 W
3	2	303-0102	O-Ring .487 ID x .103 W

# Cobra<sup>®</sup> SX Millermatic Compatible<sup>™</sup> Power Manifold Assembly P/N 003-2337



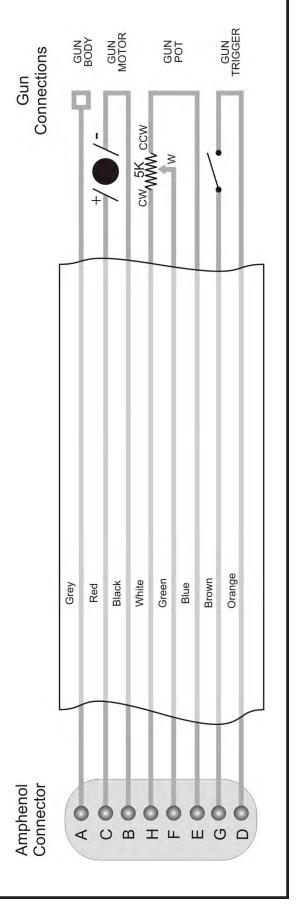
		Power M	anifold Assembly
No.	Qty.	Part No.	Description
1	1	321-1104	Set Screw Conduit
2	1	321-1082	Set Screw Flat 1/4 - 20 x 3/8 SST
3	1	431-1905	Fitting 1/8 ID x 1/16 - 27 NPT
3	1	431-1936	Power Manifold

# **Cobra® SX Millermatic Compatible™ Electrical**





"X" Clocked Connector
Viewed from back of connector



	= -	\ ←	
	オ	W.	
WARNING	Do not touch electrically live parts or electrode with skin or wet clothing.     Insulate yourself from work and ground.	Keep flammable materials away.	Wear eye, ear and body protection.
AVISO DE PRECAUCION	No toque las partes o los electrodos bajo carga con la piel o ropa mojada. Alsiese del trabajo y de la tierra.	<ul> <li>Mantenga el material combustible fuera del área de trabajo.</li> </ul>	Protéjase los ajos, los aídos y el cuerpo.
ATTENTION	Ne laissez ni la peau ni des vête- ments mouillés entrer en contact avec des pièces sous tension.     Isolez-vous du travail et de la terre.	<ul> <li>Gardez à l'écart de tout matériel inflammable.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Protégez vos yeux, vos oreilles et votre corps.</li> </ul>
WARNUNG	Berühren Sie keine stromführenden Teile oder Elektroden mit ihrem Körper oder feuchter Kleidung!     Isolieren Sie sich von den Elektroden und dem Erdboden!	● Entfernen Sie brennbarres Material!	<ul> <li>Tragen Sie Augen-, Ohren- und K\u00fcr- perschutz!</li> </ul>
ATENÇÃO	Não toque partes elétricas e electrodos com a pele ou roupa molhada.     Isole-se da peça e terra.	Mantenha inflamáveis bem guardados.	<ul> <li>Use proteção para a vista, ouvido e corpo.</li> </ul>
注意事項	<ul><li>通電中の電気部品、又は溶材にヒ フやぬれた布で触れないこと。</li><li>施工物やアースから身体が絶縁されている様にして下さい。</li></ul>	● 燃えやすいものの側での溶接作業 は絶対にしてはなりません。	● 目、耳及び身体に保護具をして下 さい。
Chinese 警告	<ul><li>皮肤或濕衣物切勿接觸帶電都件及 銲條。</li><li>使你自己與地面和工件絶緣。</li></ul>	●把一切易燃物品移雕工作場所。	●偶戴眼、耳及身體勞動保護用具。
P 험	● 전도체나 용접봉물 젖은 형겁 또는 피부로 절대 접촉치 마십시요. ● 모재와 접지를 접촉치 마십시요.	●인화성 물질을 접근 시키지 마시요.	●눈, 귀와 몸에 보호장구를 착용하십시요.
Arabic	<ul> <li>لا تلمس الاجزاء التي يسري فيها التيار الكهرباني أو الالكترود بجاد الجسم أو بالملابس المبلة بالماء.</li> <li>ضمع عازلا على جسمك خلال الممل.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>ضع المواد القابلة للاشتمال في مكان يعود.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>ضع أدوات وملايس والية على عينيك وأذنيك وجمعك.</li> </ul>

READ AND UNDERSTAND THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTION FOR THIS EQUIPMENT AND THE CONSUMABLES TO BE USED AND FOLLOW YOUR EMPLOYER'S SAFETY PRACTICES.

SE RECOMIENDA LEER Y ENTENDER LAS INSTRUCCIONES DEL FABRICANTE PARA EL USO DE ESTE EQUIPO Y LOS CONSUMIBLES QUE VA A UTILIZAR, SIGA LAS MEDIDAS DE SEGURIDAD DE SU SUPERVISOR.

LISEZ ET COMPRENEZ LES INSTRUCTIONS DU FABRICANT EN CE QUI REGARDE CET EQUIPMENT ET LES PRODUITS A ETRE EMPLOYES ET SUIVEZ LES PROCEDURES DE SECURITE DE VOTRE EMPLOYEUR.

LESEN SIE UND BEFOLGEN SIE DIE BETRIEBSANLEITUNG DER ANLAGE UND DEN ELEKTRODENEINSATZ DES HERSTELLERS. DIE UNFALLVERHÜTUNGSVORSCHRIFTEN DES ARBEITGEBERS SIND EBENFALLS ZU BEACHTEN.

	オ		Î
Keep your head out of fumes.     Use ventilation or exhaust to remove fumes from breathing zone.	Turn power off before servicing.	Do not operate with panel open or guards off.	WARNING
Los humos fuera de la zona de respiración. Mantenga la cabeza fuera de los humos. Utilice ventilación o aspiración para gases.	Desconectar el cable de alí- mentación de poder de la máquina antes de iniciar cualquier servicio.	No operar con panel abierto o guardas quitadas.	AVISO DE PRECAUCION
Gardez la tête à l'écart des fumées.     Utilisez un ventilateur ou un aspirateur pour ôter les fumées des zones de travail.	Débranchez le courant avant l'entre- tien.	<ul> <li>N'opérez pas avec les panneaux ouverts ou avec les dispositifs de protection enlevés.</li> </ul>	ATTENTION
Vermeiden Sie das Einatmen von Schweibrauch!     Sorgen Sie für gute Be- und Entlüftung des Arbeitsplatzes!	Strom vor Wartungsarbeiten abschalten! (Netzstrom völlig öff- nen; Maschine anhalten!)	Anlage nie ohne Schutzyehäuse oder Innenschutzverkleidung in Betrieb setzen!	WARNUNG
Mantenha seu rosto da fumaça.     Use ventilação e exhaustão para remover fumo da zona respiratória.	<ul> <li>Não opere com as tampas removidas.</li> <li>Desligue a corrente antes de fazer serviço.</li> <li>Não toque as partes elétricas nuas.</li> </ul>	Mantenha-se afastado das partes moventes.     Não opere com os paineis abertos ou guardas removidas.	ATENÇÃO
● ヒュームから頭を離すようにして 下さい。 ● 換気や排煙に十分留意して下さい。	<ul><li>● メンテナンス・サービスに取りか かる際には、まず電源スイッチを 必ず切って下さい。</li></ul>	● パネルやカバーを取り外したままで機械操作をしないで下さい。	注意事項
●頭部遠離煙霧。 ●在呼吸區使用通風或辨風器除煙。	●維修前切斷電源。	●備表板打開或沒有安全罩時不準作 業。	Chinese
● 얼굴로부터 용접가스를 멀리하십시요. ● 호흡지역으로부터 용접가스를 제거하기 위해 가스제거기나 통풍기를 사용하십시요.	● 보수전에 전원을 차단하십시요.	● 판넽이 열린 상태로 작동치 마십시요.	P 헌
و ابعد رأسك بعيداً عن الدخان. ♦ استمال التهوية أو جهاز ضغط الدخان للخارج لكي تبعد الدخان عن المنطقة التي تتنفس فيها.	<ul> <li>اقطع التوار الكهريائي قبل القيام بأية صوائة.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>♦ لا تشغل هذا الجهاز اذا كانت الاغطية الحديدية الواقية ليست عليه.</li> </ul>	تحذير

LEIA E COMPREENDA AS INSTRUÇÕES DO FABRICANTE PARA ESTE EQUIPAMENTO E AS PARTES DE USO, E SIGA AS PRÁTICAS DE SEGURANÇA DO EMPREGADOR.

使う機械や溶材のメーカーの指示書をよく読み、まず理解して下さい。そして貴社の安全規定に従って下さい。

請詳細閱讀並理解製造廠提供的説明以及應該使用的銀挥材料,並請遵守貴方的有関勞動保護規定。

이 제품에 동봉된 작업지침서를 숙지하시고 귀사의 작업자 안전수칙을 준수하시기 바랍니다.

اقرأ بتمعن واقهم تعليمات المصنع المنتج لهذه المعدات والمواد قبل استعمالها واتبع تعليمات الوقاية لصاحب العمل.

# LIMITED WARRANTY

## Effective August 1, 2010

This warranty supersedes all previous MK Products warranties and is exclusive, with no other guarantees or warranties expressed or implied.

LIMITED WARRANTY - MK Products Inc., Irvine, California warrants that all new and unused equipment furnished by MK Products is free from defects in workmanship and material as of the time and place of delivery by MK Products. No warranty is made by MK Products with respect to trade accessories or other items manufactured by others. Such trade accessories and other items are sold subject to the warranties of their respective manufacturers, if any.

MK Products' warranty does not apply to components having normal useful life of less than one (1) year, such as relay points, wire conduit, tungsten, and welding gun parts that come in contact with the welding wire, including gas cups, gas cup insulators, and contact tips where failure does not result from defect in workmanship or material.

MK Products shall, exclusively remedy the limited warranty or any duties with respect to the quality of goods, based upon the following options:

- (1) repair
- (2) replacement
- (3) where authorized in writing by MK Products, the reasonable cost of repair or replacement at our Irvine, California plant.

As a matter of general policy only, MK Products may honor an original user's warranty claims on warranted equipment in the event of failure resulting from a defect within the following periods from the date of delivery of equipment to the original user:

1. Power Supplies and Wire Feed Cabinets......3 years 2. Weldheads, Coolers, Positioners, and Push-Pull Guns ... 1 year 3. Spool Guns, and Spool Gun Modules ...... 180 days 4. Repairs/Exchanges/Parts ......90 days

Classification of any item into the foregoing categories shall be at the sole discretion of MK Products. Notification of any failure must be made in writing within 30 days of such failure.

A copy of the invoice showing the date of sale must accompany products returned for warranty repair or replacement.

All equipment returned to MK Products for service must be properly packaged to guard against damage from shipping. MK Products will not be responsible for any damages resulting from shipping.

Normal surface transportation charges (one way) for products returned for warranty repair or replacement will be borne by MK Products, except for products sold to foreign markets.

ANY EXPRESS WARRANTY NOT PROVIDED HEREIN AND ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY, GUARANTY, OR REPRESENTATION AS TO PERFORMANCE, AND ANY REMEDY FOR BREACH OF CONTRACT WHICH, BUT FOR THIS PROVISION, MIGHT ARISE BY IMPLICATION, OPERATION OF LAW, CUSTOM OF TRADE, OR COURSE OF DEALING, INCLUDING ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WITH RESPECT TO ANY AND ALL EQUIPMENT FURNISHED BY MK PRODUCTS, IS EXCLUDED AND DISCLAIMED BY MK PRODUCTS.

EXCEPT AS EXPRESSLY PROVIDED BY MK PRODUCTS IN WRITING, MK's PRODUCTS ARE INTENDED FOR ULTIMATE PURCHASE BY COM-MERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL USERS AND FOR OPERATION BY PERSONS TRAINED AND EXPERIENCED IN THE USE AND MAINTENANCE OF WELDING EQUIPMENT AND NOT FOR CONSUMERS OR CONSUMER USE. MK PRODUCTS' WARRANTIES DO NOT EXTEND TO, AND NO RE-SELLER IS AUTHORIZED TO EXTEND MK PRODUCTS' WARRANTIES TO ANY CONSUMER.

USE OF OTHER THAN GENUINE MK PRODUCTS' CONSUMABLES, PARTS, AND ACCESSORIES MAY INVALIDATE YOUR PRODUCT WARRANTY.



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